

BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT READ THE LABEL CAREFULLY!

Herbicide



SLASH HIGH-LOAD 600 SL

Reg. No. L 9734 Act/Wet No. 36 of/van 1947

1: 12/2/2015 – Aug2019

A soluble concentrate, surfactant-less, systemic, non-selective herbicide for post-emergence weed control in tank mixtures with VITAL. Registered also for use in forestry plantations/areas.

'n Oplosbare konsentraat, benatterlose, sistemiese, nie selektiewe onkruidoder vir na-opkoms onkruidbeheer in tenkingsels met VITAL. Geregistreer ook vir gebruik in bosbouplantasies/areas.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT / AKTIEWE BESTANDEEL

glyphosate (glycine) **600 g ae/l** glifosaat (glisien)
(glyphosate potassium salt) **739 g/l** (glifosaat kaliumsout)

HRAC HERBICIDE GROUP CODE **G** HRAC ONKRUIDDODER GROEPKODE



Registration holder / Registrasiehouer:

Universal Crop Protection (Pty) Ltd.

Co. Reg. No. / Mpy. Reg. Nr. 1983/008184/07

PO Box / Posbus 801, Kempton Park, 1620

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24 HR EMERGENCY NUMBERS:

Griffon Poison Information Centre: +27 82 446 8946

Villa Crop Protection Emergency number: +27 63 698 0668

24 Hr Transport / Spill emergency no: Envirosure +27 31 205 4918

(Hazcall24) +27 86 044 4411

(Client: Villa Crop Protection)

UN Number: 3082

Willow Set & Print 011 394-4486

GEBRUIKSAANWYSINGS INGESLUIT

VERWYS NA BESONDERHEDE
GEDRUK OP HOUER/SAK

Date formulated:
Formuleringsdatum:

DIRECTIONS FOR USE ENCLOSED
REFER TO DETAILS PRINTED
ON CONTAINER/BAG

Batch number:
Lotnommer:



CAUTION
VERSIGTIG



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UNIVERSAL CROP PROTECTION (PTY) LTD.

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P.O. Box / Posbus 801

KEMPTON PARK, 1620 Tel. (011) 396 2233

CAUTION / VERSIGTIG**WARNINGS**

- Handle product with caution.
- Irritating to eyes and skin.
- Harmful when swallowed.
- Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
- Do not mix, store or apply **SLASH HIGH-LOAD 600 SL** solutions in galvanised steel or unlined steel (except stainless steel) containers or spray tanks, as a reaction will cause hydrogen gas to form, which is highly combustible.
- Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place.
- Store away from food, feeds, seed, fertilizers and other agricultural chemicals.
- Keep out of reach of children, uninformed persons and animals.
- Re-entry: Do not enter treated area until spray deposit has dried unless wearing protective clothing.

Although this remedy has been extensively tested under a large variety of conditions, the registration holder does not warrant that it will be efficacious under all conditions, because the action and effect thereof may be affected by factors such as abnormal soil, climatic and storage conditions, quality of dilution water, compatibility with other substances not indicated on the label and the occurrence of resistance of the weeds to the remedy concerned, as well as by the method, time and accuracy of application. The registration holder further does not accept responsibility for damage to crops, vegetation, the environment or harm to man or animal or for lack of performance of the remedy concerned, due to failure of the user to follow the label instructions or to the occurrence of conditions, which could not have been foreseen in terms of the registration. Consult the supplier in event of any uncertainty.

PRECAUTIONS

- Do not inhale the spray mist or spray fumes.
- Wear a face shield and rubber gloves when handling and preparing the product and when applying the spray mixture.
- Avoid skin and eye contact.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke while mixing and applying, before washing hands and face and change of clothing.
- Wash with soap and water immediately after use and after accidental skin contact.
- Wash contaminated clothing after use.
- In case of contact with eyes, immediately flush the eyes with clean, gently flowing lukewarm water or saline solution for 20 minutes, holding the eyelid(s) open. If irritation persists, seek medical advice.
- Prevent drift of spray onto other crops, grazing, rivers, dams or areas not under treatment as this may cause serious crop damage.
- Clean application equipment after use and do not dispose of wash water where it may contaminate other crops, grazing, rivers or dams.
- **TRIPLE RINSE** empty containers in the following manner: Invert the empty container over the spray or mixing tank and allow draining for at least 30 seconds after the flow has slowed down to a drip. Thereafter rinse the container three times with a volume of water equal to a minimum of a third of that of the container. Add the rinsing to the contents of the spray tank before destroying the container in the prescribed manner.
- Destroy the container by perforation and flattening and dispose of it in a safe way.

- **Do not** re-use the empty container for any other purpose.
- Prevent contamination of food, feeds, drinking water and eating utensils.
- Direct or spray drift contact by **SLASH HIGH-LOAD 600 SL** onto leaves and/or immature bark of desired plants can result in serious localised or translocated damage.

RESISTANCE WARNING

SLASH HIGH-LOAD 600 SL is a group code G herbicide. Any weed population may contain individuals naturally resistant to **SLASH HIGH-LOAD 600 SL** and other group code G herbicides. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds may not be controlled by **SLASH HIGH-LOAD 600 SL** or any other group code G herbicide. To delay herbicide resistance:

- avoid exclusive repeated use of herbicides from the same herbicide group code. Alternate or tank mix with products from different herbicide group codes,
- integrate other control methods (chemical, cultural, biological) into weed control programmes.

IMPORTANT

- Inconsistent control of certain grass populations and other weeds such as *Lolium* species, *Chenopodium* species (plants with waxy leaves), *Conyza* species (Fleabane, reported known resistance), *Commelina benghalensis* (Benghal wandering Jew), *Ipomoea* species (natural resistance) occur and *Plantago lanceolata* due to resistance against **Glyphosate**.
- Some of these populations might also be resistant to products containing **Paraquat** and **Diquat**.
- Some populations might be resistant to products containing the aryloxyphenoxy propionates, cyclohexanediones and sulfonyleureas, but might also have resistance against the **Glyphosate**-containing products, e.g. **SLASH HIGH-LOAD 600 SL**.
- Due to the fact that these resistant populations vary in size and locality and are difficult to ascertain, it is essential that each land must be inspected annually to identify possible resistance early.
- If the above mentioned preventative measures are not strictly adhered to, the registration holder cannot be held responsible for the failure of **SLASH HIGH-LOAD 600 SL** to control resistant weeds.

For specific information on resistance management contact the registration holder of this product.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE: Use only as directed.

General information and use restrictions:

- **BECAUSE SLASH HIGH-LOAD 600 SL DOES NOT CONTAIN ANY SURFACTANT IN THE FORMULATION, THE ADJUVANT VITAL MUST ALWAYS BE ADDED TO THE SLASH HIGH-LOAD 600 SL SPRAY SOLUTIONS-AS INDICATED BELOW.**
- The herbicidal action is normally only visible from two weeks after application onwards.
- Apply **SLASH HIGH-LOAD 600 SL** post-emergence to vigorously growing weeds, directed to the foliage and immature bark. Do not spray whilst weeds are wet, dormant or under stress nor when covered in a layer of dust or when damaged by frost.
- Rain or irrigation within 6 hours after application can reduce the efficacy of **SLASH HIGH-LOAD 600 SL**.
- When applied in a tank mix with other chemicals the label recommendations of all other products must be adhered to.
- Pre-plant weed control on sandy soil (< 10 % clay) should take place at least 14 days before planting of seeds or transplanting seedlings.

Compatibility:

- **SLASH HIGH-LOAD 600 SL** can be tank mixed with the following chemicals:
Hormonal herbicides **2,4-D Amine 480 SL**, **2,4-D Ester 500 EC**, **MCPA 400 SL** and **Trade 700 WDG**. Low pH of the spray solution may induce the precipitation of hormone herbicides such as **2,4-D Amine 480 SL** and **MCPA 400 SL**, therefore buffers or any adjuvant that may decrease the pH of the spray solution must not be used. **Use Vital in all of the above tank mixtures as it will supply the necessary surfactant and Ammonium sulphate to overcome any antagonism in tank mixtures.**

Surfactants / Additives:

- **ONLY** use **Vital** as an adjuvant for **SLASH HIGH-LOAD 600 SL** as it will supply both the surfactant for the wetting/spreading of spray droplets and the **Ammonium sulphate** to rectify the water quality.
- It is not necessary to use buffers with **SLASH HIGH-LOAD 600 SL** spray solutions as the **Glyphosate** and the **Vital** will create an ideal pH environment for efficacy.

Application information:

- Correctly calibrate all sprayers under field conditions and ensure that the spraying equipment is in good working order.
- **SLASH HIGH-LOAD 600 SL** can be applied in spray volumes ranging from 12 to 300 litres per hectare.
- Ensure that the spray equipment is clean and free of rust, dust and sediment from other chemicals.
- Always use clean water. Avoid the use of brackish or muddy water, or water with a high colloid content derived from soils high in organic matter.
- In situations where drift may be hazardous, use low pressures of 100 to 200 kPa and/or low drift nozzles when spraying.
- Do not spray when wind speed exceeds 10 km per hour.
- Ensure a fine (**NOT** a mist spray), even droplet distribution and thorough coverage of the target weeds.

APPLICATION RATES**IMPORTANT NOTE**

THE ADJUVANT VITAL MUST ALWAYS BE ADDED TO THE SLASH HIGH-LOAD 600 SL MIXTURES AS INDICATED BELOW.

Table 1:	Noxious and problem weeds
Table 2:	Control of perennial weeds
Table 3:	Control of Nutsedges
Tables 4a & b:	Control of annual weeds
Table 5:	General weed control in crops
Table 6:	Crop specific weed control
Table 7:	Forestry applications

Calculation of percentage solution concentration:

<i>Desired application volume</i>	<i>Volume of SLASH HIGH-LOAD 600 SL for % solution</i>				
	<i>1.2 %</i>	<i>1.5 %</i>	<i>2.0 %</i>	<i>3.0 %</i>	<i>4.0 %</i>
5 ℓ	60 mℓ	75 mℓ	100 mℓ	150 mℓ	200 mℓ
10 ℓ	120 mℓ	150 mℓ	200 mℓ	300 mℓ	400 mℓ
20 ℓ	240 mℓ	300 mℓ	400 mℓ	600 mℓ	800 mℓ
50 ℓ	600 mℓ	750 mℓ	1000 mℓ	1500 mℓ	2000 mℓ
100 ℓ	1200 mℓ	1500 mℓ	2000 mℓ	3000 mℓ	4000 mℓ

IMPORTANT NOTE

The percentage solutions listed above are based on knapsack application delivering 250 litres spray mixture per hectare. Application of a % solution with a knapsack sprayer must be calibrated such that it will equal the delivery of the corresponding litres per hectare dosage rate as listed in the Tables below.

1. CONTROL OF NOXIOUS AND PROBLEM WEEDS

1.1 NOXIOUS & PROBLEM WEEDS

IMPORTANT

Add Vital at 2 % (2 litres per 100 litres water) to the mixtures indicated below.

Table 1.

<i>Botanical name</i>	<i>Common name</i>	<i>SLASH HIGH-LOAD 600 SL DOSAGE</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
		<i>l / ha</i>	
<i>Acacia mearnsii</i>	Black wattle	1.8	Apply in summer to young trees from 0.1 to 2 m high.
<i>Acacia saligna</i>	Port Jackson willow	1.2 to 2.4	Apply in autumn or spring. Seedlings only: Bipinnate leaf stage = 1.2 litre per hectare. Up to 60 cm high = 2.4 litres per hectare.
<i>Caesalpinia decapetala</i>	Mauritius thorn	1.8	Apply with a knapsack sprayer during summer. Apply up to 1m height.
<i>Chromolaena odorata</i>	Paraffin weed	1.8	Slash established plants. Apply in summer to new growth when more than 0.5 to 1.2 m high and ensure complete droplet coverage on the foliage. Previously slashed multi-stem plants may need follow-up application.
<i>Lantana camara</i>	Common Lantana	3.6	Slash large bushes in winter if necessary. Apply on active growth in summer.
<i>Opuntia ficus-indica</i>	Prickly pear	24 % solution	For trees with 20 to 250 cladodes: Drill 4 to 12 holes in the stem and inject 2 ml of a 24 % solution (240 ml per litre) per hole.
<i>Phytolacca heptandra</i>	Ink berry	1.8	Apply in summer with a knapsack sprayer up to 1 m height. Respray with 1.0 % spot application if necessary. (10 ml per 1 litre).
<i>Prosopis glandulosa</i>	Mosquito tree	1.8 to 3.0 % solution	Foliar applications: Apply to seedlings or trees 1 to 2 m high. Seedlings should be actively growing and should not show any signs of wilting or any other stress. Seedlings should have enough foliage before spraying. Coppice applications: Coppice should not exceed 1 m height. The coppice should be well foliated before spraying. The coppice should be actively growing and should not show any signs of wilting or any other stress. Care should be taken to wet the coppice thoroughly on the outside as well as on the inside of the canopy. General: Control will only be for a year (one season). Provision should be made to treat escapes, coppice developments and new seedlings in the following year.

<i>Botanical name</i>	<i>Common name</i>	<i>SLASH HIGH-LOAD 600 SL DOSAGE</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
		<i>l / ha</i>	
<i>Rubus cuneifolius</i>	American bramble	3.6	Knapsack sprayer. Mist blower. Slash rank growth in winter. Apply in autumn or summer when new growth is more than 0.5 m high. If re-growth occurs, spray as above.
<i>Sesbania punicae</i>	Red Sesbania	1.8	Seedling plants less than 1 m high: Use a 1.0 % solution. Tall shrubs: Slash, spray re-growth with a 1.0 to 1.4 % solution at 1 m high.
<i>Solanum mauritianum</i>	Bugweed	1.2	Apply in spring or summer. Large trees: Cut to 50 cm, allow new growth of at least 50 cm before application. Saplings: Apply directly to foliage.

1.2 PERENNIAL WEEDS

IMPORTANT

Add Vital at 2 % (2 litres per 100 litres water) to the mixtures indicated below.

Table 2. Recommendations for control of perennial weed species.

<i>Botanical name</i>	<i>Common name</i>	<i>SLASH HIGH-LOAD 600 SL DOSAGE</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
		<i>l / ha</i>	
<i>Convolvulus arvensis</i>	Field bindweed	3.6	Apply in summer at onset of flowering. If re-growth occurs spray with 1.0 % solution.
<i>Cynodon dactylon</i>	Common couch grass	3.6	Summer rainfall region: Apply to active growth in autumn or summer. Follow up application in summer or autumn at 1.8 litres per hectare. If re-growth occurs, respray.
		5.4	Winter rainfall region: Apply as above in autumn.
<i>Eragrostis curvula</i>	Weeping love grass	1.2 2.4	Only grass that germinated from seeds, i.e. not grass tufts. Apply onto actively growing plants in summer or autumn. Seedlings. Up to 60 cm height.
<i>Paspalum dilatatum</i>	Common Paspalum	4.3	Apply in summer at flowering, but before seed drop. If re-growth occurs, respray.
<i>Paspalum paspalodes</i>	Couch Paspalum	5.8 to 6.5	Apply in summer at flowering, but before seed drop. If re-growth occurs, respray with 2 litres per hectare. Apply the higher rates in the winter rainfall region.
<i>Panicum maximum</i>	Common buffalo grass	3.6	Apply in summer to actively growing plants in the early growth stage. If re-growth occurs, respray.
<i>Pennisetum clandestinum</i>	Kikuyu	2.4	Apply in summer to actively growing plants. If re-growth occurs, respray.

<i>Botanical name</i>	<i>Common name</i>	<i>SLASH HIGH-LOAD 600 SL DOSAGE</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
		<i>ℓ / ha</i>	
<i>Plantago lanceolata</i>	Narrow-leaved ribwort	1.8	Apply in spring before flowering.
<i>Setaria megaphylla</i>	Bush buffalo grass	3.6	Apply to actively growing plants in autumn or summer. If re-growth occurs, respray.
<i>Sorghum halepense</i>	Johnson grass	1.8	Apply in summer or autumn. If re-growth occurs, respray.
<i>Sorghum verticilliflorum</i>	Common wildsorghum	1.2	Apply to actively growing plants in summer or autumn.
<i>Stipa trichotoma</i>	Nassella tussock	3.6	Apply in winter using high water volumes. If re-growth occurs, respray.

Table 3. Control of Nutsedges

<i>Botanical name</i>	<i>Common name</i>	<i>SLASH HIGH-LOAD 600 SL DOSAGE</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
		<i>ℓ / ha</i>	
<i>Cyperus esculentus</i>	Yellow nutsedge	3.6	Apply in summer at flowering stage. If re-growth occurs, respray with 3.0 litres per hectare (best results obtained in February/March).
<i>Cyperus rotundus</i>	Purple nutsedge		

2. CONTROL OF ANNUAL BROADLEAF OR GRASS WEEDS**IMPORTANT**

Add Vital at 1 to 2 % (1 to 2 litres per 100 litres water) to the mixtures as indicated below. Use the higher percentage Vital for difficult to control weeds, established weeds, weeds with a more waxy cuticle and weeds that have grown beyond 6-leaf stage. Also use the higher percentage of Vital in situations where applications are done with poor quality water.

2.1 GENERAL ANNUAL WEED CONTROL**Table 4a.**

<i>SLASH HIGH-LOAD 600 SL</i>				
<i>Weed growth stage</i>	<i>1 to 6-leaf Add 1.0 % Vital</i>	<i>6 to 12-leaf Add 1.5 % Vital</i>	<i>12-leaf to pre-flower Add 2.0 % Vital</i>	<i>Flower Add 2.0 % Vital</i>
<i>Broadcast application</i>	0.6 to 1.0 ℓ / ha		1.0 to 2.0 ℓ / ha	2.0 to 3.0 ℓ / ha
<i>Spot spraying</i>	1.0 to 1.2 %		1.2 to 2.0 %	2.0 to 2.4 %

2.2 Difficult to control / variably controlled annual weeds:

- Even at the higher rates above, the control of large established *Ipomoea* species (Common morning glory) and *Portulaca* species (Purslane) may be variable, necessitating a follow-up application.
- Inconsistent control of certain populations of *Chenopodium* species may be experienced. Avoid resistance by alternating the use of **SLASH HIGH-LOAD 600 SL** with products from different chemical classes (refer to “**RESISTANCE WARNING**”).
- Inconsistent control and resistance may occur with *Conyza* species.

Table 4b. Difficult to control annual broadleaf or grass weeds.

DIFFICULT TO CONTROL ANNUAL BROADLEAF OR GRASS WEEDS	
<i>Argemone subfusiformis</i> **	White flowered Mexican poppy
<i>Chenopodium species</i> **	Goosefoot
<i>Commelina benghalensis</i> **	Wandering Jew
<i>Conyza canadensis</i> **	Horseweed fleabane
<i>Conyza floribunda</i> **	Tall fleabane
<i>Giselia pharnaceoides</i> **	Giselia
<i>Ipomoea species</i> **	Common morning glory
<i>Lolium spp.</i> *	Ryegrass
<i>Portulaca oleracea</i> **	Purslane
<i>Sida cordifolia</i> **	Heartleaf sida
<i>Senecio burchellii</i> **	Molteno-disease-plant
<i>Senecio consanguineus</i> **	Starvation senecio
<i>Solanum nigrum</i> **	Deadly nightshade

* These weeds are controlled variably.

** Add 0.5 litres **2,4-D Ester 500 EC** or **2,4-D Amine 480 SL** for improved control.

3. **CROP RECOMMENDATIONS**

3.1 **GENERAL CROP RECOMMENDATIONS**

IMPORTANT

Add Vital at 1 to 2 % (1 to 2 litres per 100 litres water) to the mixtures indicated below. Use the higher percentage Vital for difficult to control weeds, established weeds, weeds with a more waxy cuticle and weeds that have grown beyond 6-leaf stage. Also use the higher percentage of Vital in situations where applications are done with poor quality water.

Table 5.

Crop	Dosage rate / Weed table	Remarks
Orchard and perennial crops: Almonds, Aloes, Apples, Apricots, Avocados, Bananas, Blackberry, Cherries, Citrus, Coffee, Granadilla, Guava, Hops, Kiwi fruit, Litchi's, Macadamia nuts, Mangoes, Nectarines, Olives, Pawpaw, Peaches, Pears, Pecan nuts, Pineapples, Plums, Prickly pears, Prunes, Quince, Tea	Refer to Tables 4a & b above for dosage rates	Prevent droplet contact with leaves, green or young bark, and fruits. Shield stems of plants with green bark (mostly younger than 2 years) against contact with spray droplets.

3.2 CROP SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

IMPORTANT

Add Vital at 1 to 2 % (1 to 2 litres per 100 litres water) to the mixtures indicated below. Use the higher percentage Vital for difficult to control weeds, established weeds, weeds with a more waxy cuticle and weeds that have grown beyond 6-leaf stage. Also use the higher percentage of Vital in situations where applications are done with poor quality water.

Table 6.

Crop	Dosage rate / Weed table	Remarks
Arable land (e.g. Grain and Cereal crops) Annual weeds	Tables 4a & b	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use SLASH HIGH-LOAD 600 SL after harvesting of the previous crop. Use the higher dosage rate on annual weeds beyond 12-leaf stage or on established weeds. Add 0.5 litre per hectare MCPA 400 SL or 2,4-D Amine 480 SL or 2,4-D Ester 500 EC to control weeds that are normally difficult to control, as well as genetically modified Glyphosate tolerant soybean and cotton volunteer plants. To control winter hardened weeds such as <i>Conyza</i> spp. (Fleabane) or <i>Senecio</i> spp., apply 1.4 to 2.3 litres SLASH HIGH-LOAD 600 SL per hectare. The addition of 0.5 litre per hectare 2,4-D Amine 480 SL or 2,4-D Ester 500 EC will improve pre-plant weed control. Do not disturb target plants before 6 hours after application (before planting of crops) and prior to emergence of the new crop.
Arable land Perennial weeds	Refer to Tables 2 & 3.	
Grape vines	1.4 to 1.8 ℓ / ha PLUS 3.4 kg / ha Terbucide 600 WDG	<p>Early winter: (Weeds under 15 cm height). Not for Small mallow (<i>Malva parviflora</i>), Cape marigold (<i>Arctotheca calendula</i>), Oat seed grass (<i>Erharta</i> spp.), Blue echium (<i>Echium vulgare</i>), Ryegrass (<i>Lolium</i> spp.), Sow thistle (<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>) and Brome spp. (<i>Bromus</i> spp.)</p> <hr/> <p>Late winter: (Weeds under 30 cm height). Use the higher rates for Bur clover (<i>Medicago polymorpha</i>), Prostrate knotweed (<i>Polygonum aviculare</i>) and Sheep sorrel, (<i>Rumex angiocarpus</i>).</p>

4. SPECIALISED PRACTICES

4.1 FORESTRY APPLICATIONS

IMPORTANT

Add Vital at 2 % (2 litres per 100 litres water) to the mixtures indicated below.

Table 7.

<i>Situation</i>	<i>Weed species</i>	<i>Weeds & Dosage rate table</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Firebreaks Firebreak preparation, either tracer belts or total area Band preparation for tree seedlings Situations suitable for such treatments include: a) Virgin veld b) Clear felled forests	In both situations the weed population would include perennials and annuals	Tables 1 & 2	A minimum of 200 litres spray mixture per hectare must be applied when using a 1.3 % solution. A follow-up treatment may be necessary to control some hardy perennials, using a 1.5 % solution on a spot spray basis.
Single stem stumps	<i>Eucalyptus grandis</i> (Blue gum)	7.5 % solution	Apply 50 ml solution to a clean cambium area immediately after felling.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply on the same day after felling and removal of sawdust on stump surface. • Use a low pressure knapsack sprayer with a solid cone nozzle to ensure complete wetting of the stump, especially on the cambium area (where wood and bark join). • Stumps that coppice after treatment must be undercut or ringbarked to expose the entire cambium area that must be treated again. • A callus-like coppice regrowth may occur which should normally die back. If not, remove or spray with a 1.8 % solution, preventing drift onto newly established plants. • Species other than <i>Eucalyptus grandis</i> may be controlled variably, necessitating follow-up treatments. 			

The following products mentioned in this label may be replaced with equivalent products:

- **2,4-D AMINE 480 SL** (L 4505 / W 130459 / N-AR 1096) = **AMINO 480 SL** (L 8034) = **2,4-D AMINE SL** (L 8145),
- **2,4-D ESTER 500 EC** (L 5794) = **2,4-D ESTER 500 EC** (L 5792),
- **MCPA 400 SL** (L 5795 / W 130452) = **MCPA 400 SL** (L 5793 / N-AR 1092),
- **TERBUCIDE 600 WDG** (L 8799 / W 1301046) = **TERBUWEED 600 WDG** (L 8800) = **TERBUMAIS 600 WDG** (L 8798) (**Terbuthylazine**),
- **TRADE 700 WDG** (L 9228) = **TRANSFER 700 WDG** (L 9227) (**Dicamba**) and
- **VITAL** (L 9304) = **VITRO** (L 9301).

AMINO 480 SL, 2,4-D ESTER 500 EC, MCPA 400 SL, TERBUWEED 600 WDG, TRANSFER 700 WDG, VITRO and/en VITAL are registered products of / is geregistreerde produkte van **VILLA CROP PROTECTION (PTY) LTD.**

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